The Novel Life Cycle Model for Component Based Software System Based on Architecture Quality Using KCW Framework

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Abstract— With the growing size of software’s and increasing needs of people we need a complex software system to provide a solution to the many problems among the humans. For that, we need to develop the software system with high quality and limited amount of time. Due to this reason, the software development process is moved to the component based software development (CBSD). The preliminary life cycle models of software development are not compatible with component based software development. For that we need a novel life cycle model to develop the software system using components with high quality. Some of the life cycle models are developed by some researchers, but when we are considering the quality of the software system those models are not assured the highest quality. Because of this we have developed one novel life cycle model based on v-model using KCW framework which assures the quality of the architecture of a software system itself.

Index Terms— KCW Framework, Life Cycle Model of the CBSS, Process of Component Based Software Development, Quality Based Life Cycle Model.

I. INTRODUCTION

Component-based software engineering (CBSE) (also known as component-based development (CBD)) is a branch of software engineering. It is a reuse based approach to defining, implementing and composing loosely coupled independent components into systems[5]. Even though the software system is developed from the components, the development process is very important to maintain stability, control, quality and cost of the software system. The development process of component based software system is distinct from the development process of an object oriented software system [13]. More activities are varied from these two development approaches. Specifically, the implementation process is varied in component based development and object oriented development. In CBD approach, the software system is developed by using the available existing components. Because of that, the traditional development models are not compatible with the component based software system development. So that we need a specific life cycle model for developing the component based software system. From the last decades some life cycle models are developed for component based software system. But all the life cycle models are not given the assurance to the quality of the software system. According to the ISO 9126 (the reliability is one of the important factors to ensure the software quality)[3]. The architecture of the software system is very important to achieve the quality software system. For that, we concentrate on the architectural quality and also planned to incorporate this in the life cycle process. The V model [4] is a software development process of the component based software system. This is somewhat better than the all other models. Even though this model is better, it’s also lacking in component evolution and quality factors. So that, we have developed one novel life cycle model based on the V model with incorporating the component evolution and architecture evaluation using KCW framework [5][13]. The KCW framework is a recently published simple framework to analyze the reliability of component based software system. This will be useful to develop the quality based life cycle model of component based software system. We hope that our model will be used to develop the quality component based software system to fulfill the requirements of industries and peoples.

This paper is organized neatly for the easy understanding of the reader. The motivation of this research is given in section 2 and literature reviews of the
preliminary models are given in section 3. The importance of KCW framework in the reliability analysis of design and condensed form this framework process is given in section 4. The V model and its limitation for the component based software development is explained in section 5 and the proposed model using KCW framework and its importance, a comparison with traditional life cycle is given in section 6. Section 7 contains the merits of our model and the future idea of applying this in real time software development.

II. MOTIVATION

The motivation of this process model comes from the depth research in reliability models of component based software system. This study enables us to design the robust reliability analysis framework (KCW) of component based software system [5]. After that, we were concentrating on the development process of component based software system because of the absence of a standard life cycle model to develop higher quality software system. After the analysis of life cycle models of component based software system, we found V model [4] is somewhat better than the all other models. Due to that, we modified the V model with a KCW framework to get the complete and standard quality based life cycle model of component based software system. Finally our model has developed by incorporating the KCW framework to know the reliability of architectural design of CBSS and component evolution.

III. LITERATURE SURVEY

Software development life cycle process is a sequence of steps that are performed in a respective order in order to develop the quality software system. In a component based software system development, the many life cycle models have been proposed for the last decades. Among those models we have chosen some better models to compare with each other for the understanding of limitation of each one. The models for CBSD are Kotanya’s Model (2003) [7], Sommerville’s Model (2005), Capretz Model (Y Model 2005) [3], Crnkovic Model (V Model 2006) [4] and Qureshi and Hussain’s Model (2008) [12]. All preliminary models are having some limitations due to the lacking of some features. The Kotanya’s model is lacking in domain analysis. The domain analysis and component evolution are needed in Sommerville model. The V and Y models[4][12] are lacking component evolution. The domain analysis and component evolution is absence in Qureshi and Hussain model. From the above statement, we can conclude that, none of the models having the entire feature to develop the quality software system.

IV. KCW FRAMEWORK IN SOFTWARE LIFE CYCLE

KCW (Kaliraj Chandru Wahi) [5] is the recently published simple framework which will be used to estimate the reliability of component based software system from the modular structure of the system[10]. This framework was designed by using the Kal-Chan path selection algorithm [13].

Because of the simplicity of this framework, we can incorporate this into the component based software life cycle to improve the quality of the software system. Because the component based development is based on the design of software components. So that, the new life cycle is designed with the aim of achieving the highest quality software systems using KCW framework based on V model. We hope that, the KCW framework will play the major role in the life cycle process to develop the highest quality software system.

The condensed form of KCW framework [5] is shown in fig. 1. The use of the KCW framework of the modified V model development process of component based software system is described in below section.

![Fig. 1. Condensed form of KCW framework](image.png)
some modification in the process of V model is required to achieve the highest quality software system. The existing V model is shown in fig. 2.

Feasibility study
Requirement analysis
System design
Implementation and unit testing
Integration and system testing
Maintenance

Here, all the phases contain some subtask. We have given the abstraction level of traditional SDLC.

1) Feasibility study
The feasibility study is nothing but, it is a self-analysis of organization and human resource capability to do the particular project within a particular period of time. This task should be completed before entering into the project.

2) Requirement analysis
The actual requirements of the particular project are defined. The goals and overall specification of the software system is declared.

3) System design
An overall architecture of the software system is established, followed by the abstraction of the software system and the relationships between them are discovered.

4) Implementation and unit testing
The architecture of the software system is converted into the real time software system in the implementation phase. The unit testing takes place after the completion of each unit by the developer.

5) Integration and system testing
After the successful implementation of each unit, all the units are integrated to make an information system, followed by system verification and validation takes place to assess the quality of the system. Then acceptance testing is conducted by the end user before delivery of the system.

6) Maintenance
The maintenance phase involves some activity that is used to keep the system up to date with good performance.

B. Traditional SDLC Vs Component Based SDLC
The component based software development life cycle model is differentiated from the traditional life cycle model in some phases. The requirement analysis phase of the CBSDL takes place by considering the availability of the software components in the market [10]. The requirements may be changed or revised based on the availability of the software components.

So, this phase fully depends on the component availability, not on the customer exact requirements. The implementation and unit testing in the traditional SDLC not happened in the CBSDL. Instead of that, the components are selected, evaluated, tested and adopted in the system design. Then system testing followed by operation and maintenance takes place.

C. Proposed SDLC with KCW framework
Our proposed framework is based on the KCW framework [5] and V model of the component based
software development. Here the KCW framework is incorporated after the system design. This will be used to predict the probability of system design reliability. If the design reliability is less than 0.5[11], then we can redesign the system to improve the quality. This parameter may be fixed by the system tester, it may vary based on the project size and complexity. So, by using the KCW framework we can get a good quality design. It will automatically leads to the highest quality system. The second thing in proposed life cycle is including the component evolution. This will be used to maintain the system up to date. The component evolution is coming under the maintenance phase.

The proposed life cycle of the component based software development is shown in fig. 3. The explanation of all the phases of our proposed SDLC is given below.

Fig. 3. Proposed life cycle model with KCW framework
Introducing path selection

The system design of the software system in CBSDLC is similar to the traditional software development life cycle. The overall architecture of the software system is established based on the requirements[12]. The component will be adapted to this architecture in next phase instead of implementation and unit testing in traditional SDLC.

3) Reliability estimation using KCW framework:

The reliability estimation of system design is calculated by the KCW framework [5]. If the probability value of the system design is acceptable, then next phase is executed. In next phase components will be selected and adapted to the system design. If the value of the system design is not acceptable, then go for the redesign. Generally, this probability value varies based on the number of components and size of the software system.

4) Select, Adapt, Test:

After the validation of the system design, the components are selected from the component pool, which will be evaluated, tested and adapted to the system design.

5) System integration:

The system integration is taking place after the successful adaptation of software components. This phase is similar to the system integration in traditional SDLC.

6) Verification and Validation:

The verification and validation process in component based software system is varied from the traditional SDLC. The components are tested and corrected individually. But when we are integrating all into the system, it will reflect some errors based on interfaces [10]. The error in one component may be caused by some other components. So, separate testing activity is needed for component based software system [6].

7) Delivery, Maintenance and Component evolution:

After the successful completion of a software system, the software product will be delivered to the end user. Then maintenance phase takes place after the delivery to the customer. The overall system performance is monitored. The component evolution is very important to keep the updated system. During this phase, the availability of the updated software components is checked in component pool.

VII. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

We have designed this quality based life cycle, using KCW framework [5] with incorporating component evolution. Our model is very simple and may be applicable to the most of the component based software system development. The KCW framework of our model is used to maintain the system quality and component evolution is used to maintain the system up to date. The preliminary models [4][12] do not assure the quality of the system and also not considered the component evolution. So, we hope that our model will be useful to develop the quality component based software system and also maintain the system up to date. In the future, we have planned to apply this life cycle model to two real time software systems to know the efficiency of our model compared to other model.

ACRONYMY

CBSD Component Based Software Development
CBSS Component Based Software System
CBSE Component Based Software Engineering
SDLC Software Development Life Cycle
CBSDLC Component Based Software Development Life Cycle
KCW Kaliraj Chandru Wahi
CBD Component Based Development

REFERENCES

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